

A csoport

1. feladat

$$U_1 = 6 \text{ V}$$

$$U_2 = 12 \text{ V}$$

$$U_3 = 3 \text{ V}$$

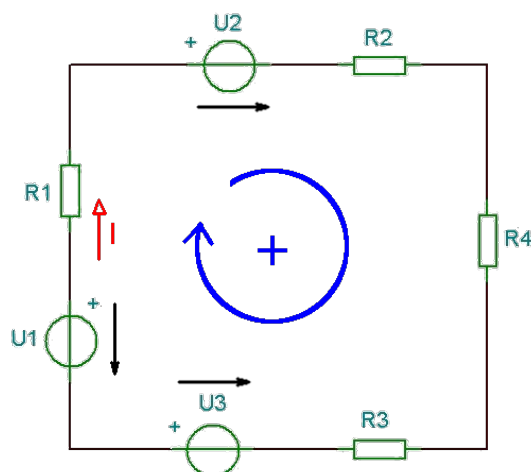
$$R_1 = 1,2 \text{ k}\Omega = 1200 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = 500 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = 3 \text{ k}\Omega = 3000 \Omega$$

$$R_4 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega = 10000 \Omega$$

$$U_{R4} = ? [\Omega]$$



$$-U_1 + U_2 - U_3 + I * (R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + R_4) = 0$$

$$-6 + 12 - 3 + I * (1200 + 500 + 3000 + 10000) = 0$$

$$3 + I * 14700 = 0$$

$$I = \frac{-3}{14700} = 0,000204 \text{ A} = 0,204 \text{ mA}$$

$$U_{R4} = I * R_4 = 0,000204 * 10000 = \underline{\underline{2,04 \text{ V}}}$$

2. feladat

$$R_1 = 10 \Omega$$

$$R_3 = 40 \Omega$$

$$U = 100 \text{ V}$$

$$U_1 = 25 \text{ V}$$

$$R_2 = ? [\Omega]$$

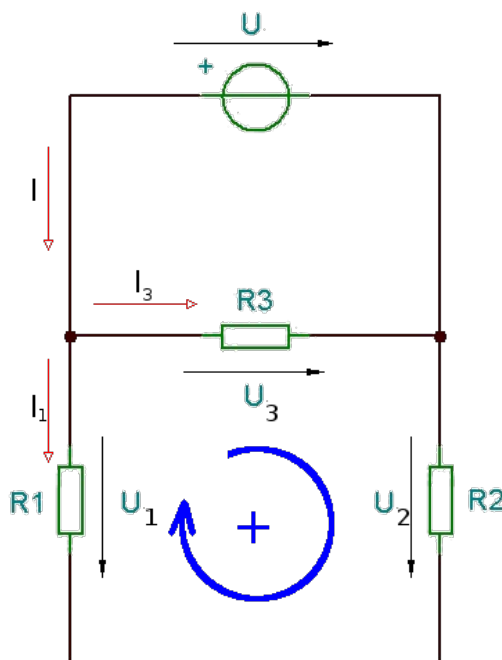
$$U_3 = U = 100 \text{ V}$$

$$I_1 = \frac{U_1}{R_1} = \frac{25}{10} = 2,5 \text{ A}$$

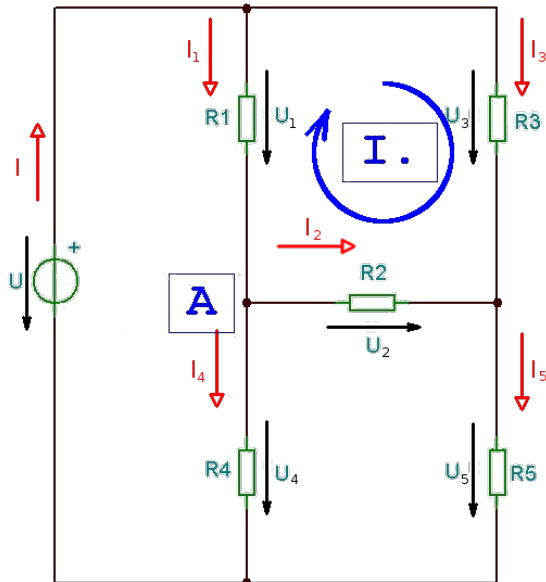
$$I_2 = I_1 = 2,5 \text{ A}$$

$$U_2 = U_1 - U_3 = 25 - 100 = -75 \text{ V}$$

$$\underline{\underline{R_2}} = \frac{U_2}{I_2} = \frac{-75}{2,5} = \underline{\underline{30 \Omega}}$$



3. feladat



Huroktörvény ($I.$): $U_3 + U_2 - U_1 = 0$

Csomóponti törvény (A): $I_1 = I_2 + I_4$

B csoport

1. feladat

$$U_1 = 120 \text{ V}$$

$$U_2 = 30 \text{ V}$$

$$U_3 = 60 \text{ V}$$

$$R_1 = R_2 = R_3 = R_4 = 1,5 \, \Omega$$

$$U_{R1} = ? \text{ [V]}$$

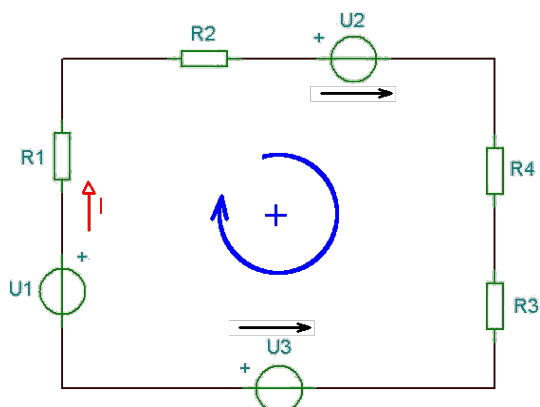
$$U_1 + U_2 - U_3 + I \cdot (R_1 + R_2 + R_3 + R_4) = 0$$

$$120 + 30 - 60 + I \cdot (1,5 + 1,5 + 1,5 + 1,5) = 0$$

$$90 + I \cdot 4,5 = 0$$

$$I = \frac{-90}{4,5} = 20 \text{ A}$$

$$\underline{U_{R1}} = -I \cdot R_1 = 20 \cdot 1,5 = \underline{-30 \text{ V}} \quad \text{A feszültség iránya a felvett iránnyal ellentétes.}$$



2. feladat

$$U = 48 \text{ V}$$

$$U_2 = 30 \text{ V}$$

$$I = 1,5 \text{ A}$$

$$R_3 = 20 \, \Omega$$

$$R_1 = ? \text{ [}\Omega\text{]}, I_2 = ? \text{ [A]}$$

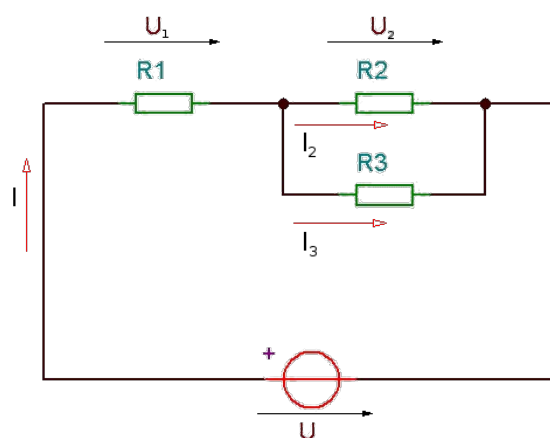
$$U_1 = U - U_2 = 48 - 30 = 18 \text{ V}$$

$$\underline{R_1} = \frac{U_1}{I} = \frac{18}{1,5} = \underline{12 \text{ V}}$$

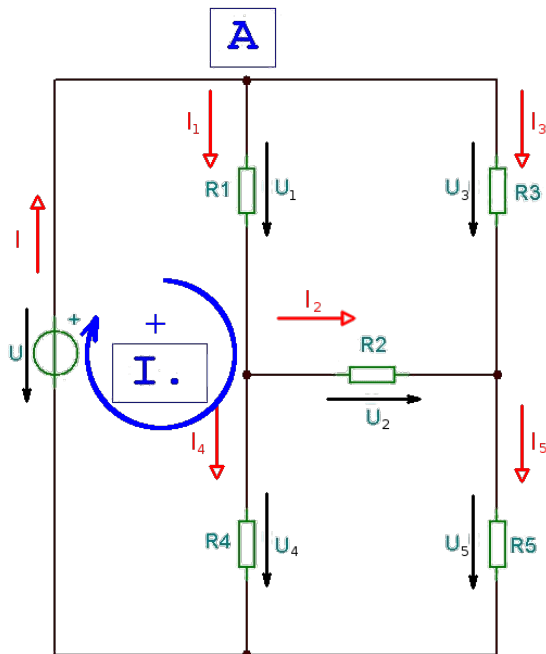
$$U_2 = U_3 = 30 \text{ V}$$

$$I_3 = \frac{U_3}{R_3} = \frac{18}{20} = 0,9 \text{ A}$$

$$\underline{I_2} = I - I_3 = 1,5 - 0,9 = \underline{0,6 \text{ A}}$$



3. feladat



Huroktörvény ($I.$): $U_1 + U_4 - U = 0$

Csomóponti törvény (A): $I = I_1 + I_3$